RISK MATRIX	

Likelihood	Consequence				
Likelinood	A. Insignificant	B. Minor	C. Moderate	D. Major	E. Critical
1. Rare	Low	Low	Low	Low	Medium
2. Unlikely	Low	Low	Medium	Medium	High
3. Possible	Low	Medium	High	High	High
4. Likely	Low	Medium	High	High	Extreme
5. Almost Certain	Medium	Medium	High	Extreme	Extreme

Consequence	Description of Consequence
A. Insignificant	No treatment required. Low business Loss (<\$10k). Minor environmental impact.
B. Minor	Minor injury-First Aid.>10k–100k business loss. Minor local environmental impact.
C. Moderate	Medical treatment /lost time injury. >\$100k-\$1M business loss. Moderate environmental contained on site.
D. Major	Serious injury/s - specialist treatment or hospitalisation. >\$1M to \$10m business loss. Major environmental /offsite impact
E. Critical	Fatality/s, permanent disability or multiple serious injuries.\$10M business loss. Long term environmental / legal impact.

Likelihood	Description of Likelihood
1. Rare	Practically impossible. Will only occur in exceptional circumstances.
2. Unlikely	Unlikely but could occur at some time.
3. Possible	Could easily happen within the foreseeable future.
4. Likely	Will probably occur in most circumstances.
5. Almost Certain	Almost certain to occur in most circumstances.

Assessed Risk Level		Description of Risk Level	Actions
	Low	As low as reasonably practicable.	
	Medium	Acceptable risk but could be reduced further.	Additional controls may be needed.
	High	High risk- review and introduce additional controls.	Additional controls will be needed to lower the level of risk before the activity is undertaken,
	Extreme	Extreme risk - Immediate action required.	Consider alternatives to doing the activity. Significant control measures must be implemented to ensure safety. Must not proceed without approval of Principal.

Hierarchy of Control			
Most	Elimination: remove the hazard completely from the workplace or activity		
effective (High level)	Substitution: replace a hazard with a less dangerous one (e.g. a less hazardous chemical)		
	Isolation: separate people from the hazard (e.g. safety barrier)		
	Engineering: making a machine or work process safer (e.g. raise a bench to reduce bending, Guarding)		
	Administration: putting rules, procedures, signage or training in place to make a workplace safer		
Least effective (Low level)	Personal Protective Equipment (PPE): Protective clothing and equipment (e.g. gloves, hats)		